#### Introduction



1.	Name the five basic parts of your personal protection system (Safety System):
	(1)
2.	Name the three basic Systems that make up Suspended Scaffolds:
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
3.	Name four components of a guardrail system:
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
4.	List a function of Rollers, Bumpers and Tie-Ins:



## Introduction continued

Chapier

5.	A socket and davit is a type of	of	_ System.		
6.	The personal Safety System	is also called the		_ System.	
7.	Α	_ is used to slide up and down	the lifeline.		
8.	Aslipping and losing the suppo		or		_ from
9.	Name four components of the	e Suspended System.			
	(1) (2) (3)	<u> </u>			

#### Power, Balance and Gravity

## Chapter 2

ame two ways in which a beam can become balanced.	
2)	
he point on which a beam is resting is called the	·
he load rating is	
lectricity is all around us. It has a charge made of particles.	_ and
harge Flowing is called, and it's pressure is call	ed
push in a direction is called	
force acting at a distance is called	
Iternating electrical charge is called	
/hat do electricians use to protect against overloads? or	
/hat does a G.F.C.I. do?	



## Power, Balance and Gravity continued



11. Name three ways to overcome low voltage:	
(1)	
(2)	
(3)	
12. What information can you find on warning labels, name three:	
(1)	
(2)	<del>-</del>
(3)	

#### **Platforms**

1. —-	Where are the Guardrail Systems required on a stage?
2.	What is the Rated Load of a 3-Person Platform?
3.	Modular platforms are designed to come apart in shorter sections for and
4.	Regulations require that toprails are required to be about above the deck and must be able to withstand a load of
5.	Name at least three causes of damage to platforms:
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
Tru	ue or False (T/F):
6.	The user should notify the owner or future user, of any corrosive substances used on a platform.



## Baskets, Chairs and Similar Equipment

١.	The main mast that protrudes over a single-point basket is to keep the basket
2.	A basket is more stable when a worker is the or
3.	A powered single point system has one
4.	List four things you must do before using a single point system.
	(1)
5.	Name at least two additional concerns you would have for a single point suspension that you would not have with a two point suspension.
	(1)
Tru	ue or False (T/F):
6.	Single point systems can be used without personal protective equipment if you are in a work basket.
7.	A tie back is not necessary unless you are using a two-point suspension systems.
8.	The safety ratio should be three times the rated load of the hoist.



#### Hoists and Accessories



1.	Strain reliefs are used to
2.	Overload switches detect
3.	Name three things that signal a problem in the hoist.
	(1)
4.	Name two types of hoists.
	(1)
5.	Name two types of powered platforms.
	(1)(2)
6.	Name five basics similar to all powered hoists.
	(1)
	(V)



## Hoists and Accessories continued

٠.	what are the four functions of a stiffup.	
	(1)	
	(2)	
	(3)	
8.	(4) Why would you use a wire winder?	
9.	What is a controlled descent device on hoists?	
Tru	ue or False (T/F):	
10	All hoists have two or more braking devices.	
11	All hoists require maintenance to perform properly.	
12	It is not necessary to "set" the secondary brake before it can operate.	
13	Threaded rod in the hardware store is usually bolt grade.	
14	Electrical cable voltage rating is the voltage that the cable insulation can safely	/ handle.



#### Permanent Installations



٦.	name at least three operating features that P.I.s have.
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
2.	Name two methods used to keep P.I.s against the building.
	(1)
	(2)
3.	Maintenance is the same for P.I.s as it is for Temporary Suspended Scaffold, explain.
Tru	ue or False (T/F):
4.	There is no need for any additional training to operate P.I.s.



## Suspension Wire Rope

1.	Name two areas where rope wear can occur.	
	(1)	
	(2)	
2.	Name four reasons wire rope should be taken out of service.	
	(1)	
	(2)	
	(3)	
	(4)	
3.	Explain how 6 x 31 wire rope is constructed.	
4.	What is rope lay?	
5.	What is the minimum number of "J Clip" clamps used with rope termination?	
Tru	ue or False (T/F):	
6.	The suspension rope holds the suspended platform.	
7.	The type of suspension rope used is always the same.	
8.	Hoists transfer energy, ropes do not.	
9.	Good rope will not deteriorate.	
10	D An IWRC core is composed of fibres.  SCAFFOLD INDUSTRY	SIΔ
Na	ashville, TN 7/19/03 ASSOCIATION	

## Support Systems



١.	Name three functions of the Support System.
	(1)
	(1) (2)
	(3)
2.	The Support Equipment rated load must always be
3.	The Support Spacings are vitally important. They are
4.	What is Rated Load?
5.	Describe arm reach.
6.	What is uplift?
7.	Why would you use a tie back on your Transportable Support System?
8.	Name five types of Support Systems.
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
	(5)



## Support Systems continued



True or False (T/F):			
9	Overhead trolleys and overhead anchors do not have an "Arm Reach."		
10	If the rigging is done by a Qualified Person, you may assume it is safe for you to enter the platform without checking the rigging yourself.		
11	Improper spacing of the Suspension Rope is especially dangerous as the platform nears the top.		
12	Old parapets are safe for clamp use since they were built when construction practices were better.		
13.	The "Arm Reach" is the part of the support system that reaches out beyond the fulcrum		



## Safety Systems



1.	A worker on a Suspended Scaffold must have their own independent Fall Arrest system. Name three Do's associated with using it properly.
	(1)
2.	Name 2 Don'ts associated with improper use.
	(1)
3.	Mechanical Rope Grabs could include these basic parts. Name three:
	(1)
1.	Name two Body Support Devices.
	(1)
5.	Where should the D ring on your harness be positioned?



## Safety Systems continued



6.	What are the 3 rules about Fall Arrest?
	(1)
	(2)(3)
7.	How strong must the Anchor be?
8.	What is the last word about Fall Arrest?
Trı	ue or False (T/F):
9.	A full body harness provides better body support than a belt.
10	A steel wire rope is a better lifeline than a synthetic line.
11	You may re-use lanyards that have been used in a fall if there are not cuts or breaks in it.
12	Shock absorbing lanyards are safer than standard lanyards



#### Hazards

١.	Name 5 hazards associated with suspended scaffolds.
	(1)         (2)         (3)         (4)         (5)
2.	Welding from a suspended scaffold requires special measures, name four.
	(1)
3.	What must you do when working near unprotected edges?
4.	Name four ways Electrical Shock Hazards can be minimized.
	(1)
5.	What is the safest method of testing the rigging in the field?



## Hazards continued

ο.	me three dangers Chemicals pose to Suspended Scattolds.
Γrι	r False (T/F):
7.	Muscles will not contract when exposed to small amounts of electricity.
3.	If the electrical cable is damaged, the work platform can become "Hot."
9.	Suspended Scaffolds can be used in all types of weather if they are rigged correctly
10	It is not necessary to check your partners rigging?
11.	The best place to do the "Check Ride," is over the side of the building.

## Special Work and Special Places

1.	There may be problems when using Electrical Hoists in and
2.	When welding on a Suspended Scaffold, you will need to
3.	Mid air transfers are and are
Tr	ue or False (T/F):
4.	Electric hoists can be used safely in explosive environments.
5.	Hoists and ropes are not sensitive to acids, but platforms are.
6.	Carbonated water, clean water, and baking soda are good in the kitchen, but have no place on a suspended scaffold.
7.	An "A" rated fire extinguisher is required to put out an electrical fire

#### Laws

# Chapter 12

Multiple Choice (Circle the correct answer):

- 1. A.N.S.I. stand for:
  - a. American National Standards Institute
  - b. American National Scaffold Institute
  - c. Authorized Northern Safety Institute
- 2. O.S.H.A. stands for:
  - a. Occupational Safety and Health Administration
  - b. Official Scaffold Handbook Association
  - c. Overseas Scaffold and Health Association
- 3. S.S.F.I. stands for:
  - a. Scaffold, Shoring and Forming Institute
  - b. Scaffold Safety and First Aid Institute
  - c. Social Security Foundation Institute

True or False (T/F):

4	Standards are laws.
5	Underwriter's Laboratories (U.L.) are laboratories owned by manufacturers to test their equipment.
6.	O.S.H.A. is the scaffold industry's only regulatory agency.



#### Putting It All Together

# Chapter 13

1.	The intent of the course is to		
2.	Before rigging any new installation, what needs to be done?		
3.	Mistakes made when using Suspended Scaffolds		
True or False (T/F):			
4.	Codes of Safe Practice are only for the office managers use.		
5.	Always have at least one person on a Suspended Scaffold hook up their personal safety system.		
6.	Manufacturer's instructions are all standardized for hoist operations.		
7.	The lack of maintenance or proper operation of hoisting equipment will not affect		

